Coal Flowers

Revised Version by Women in Mining (Original Source Unknown)

Purpose:

To acquaint your students with a quick way of crystal growing.

Materials Needed:

Shallow, glass bowl Salt

Coal Laundry bluing

Glue Water
Twigs or toothpicks Ammonia
Paper towels Food coloring
Sting/small pieces of cloth Small paper cups

Activity Instructions:

- 1. In a shallow, glass bowl place several small lumps of coal.
- 2. Interwork twigs, toothpicks, paper, and/or cloth with coal. You may select all or just some of the items. You may need to use glue to hold the twigs and/or toothpicks to the coal.
- 3. In a separate cup mix:

6 Tblsp. salt 6 Tblsp. water 6 Tblsp. laundry bluing 1 Tblsp. ammonia

- 4. Pour the mixture over the coal mound.
- 5. Sprinkle dots of food coloring randomly over the mound.
- 6. Crystals will begin to form within several hours.

Worksheet:

Have students fill out and turn in worksheet.

Evaluation:

What did the crystals form on first? Was there something they did not form on at all? What effect do you think temperature would have on the crystal formation?

Tip:

If your grocery store does not carry laundry bluing, check with the local pharmacist.

Coal Flower Worksheet

Items placed in bowl along with coal:		
Time Started:		
Temperature:		3
Where did crystals first appear?		
Items crystals completely covered?	<u> </u>	
Items crystals did not appear on?		
What colors were most vivid?		
What other items might be used?	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*
What effect do you think the temperature the crystal growing?	are of the area the bowl	was located in have on
Why?		
	6 B	
Check crystals about every two hours	to note observations.	
NOTE: In colder weather, the crystals grow slower and	colors are not as vivid due to evap	oration time.